London Borough of Hammersmith & Fulham

FULL COUNCIL





HOUSING FOUR YEAR CAPITAL PROGRAMME 2017-21: UPDATE TO INCLUDE THE FIRE SAFETY PLUS PROGRAMME

Report of the Cabinet Member for Finance – Councillor Max Schmid

Open Report

Classification: For Decision

Key Decision: Yes

Wards Affected: All

Accountable Director:

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1. Amendments of £20m are proposed to the Capital Programme for the Fire Safety Plus Programme. This work will be above and beyond the current legal minimum fire standards. The report also updates on the acquisition of additional affordable homes. The updated 2017-21 Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and Decent Neighbourhood Capital programme is £246.2m.
- 1.2. The Fire Safety Plus work is in addition to the existing Housing Capital programme that funds essential Health and Safety Works. Funding for works undertaken as part of the existing Housing Capital Programme will be sought from central government where possible if they make money available.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS

2.1. To approve the HRA and Decent Neighbourhood Capital Programme revised budget for 2017/18 at £69.7m including £10m of the £20m Fire Safety Plus Programme with the remaining £10m being planned for 2018/19 (Paragraph 5, Table 1 and Appendix 1).

2.2. To approve the HRA and Decent Neighbourhood Capital Programme revised four year budget at £246.2m from 2017/18 to 2020/21 including the £20m Fire Safety Plus Programme (Paragraph 5, Table 1 and Appendix 1).

3. REASONS FOR DECISION

- 3.1 The Fire Safety Plus Programme was endorsed in July 2017 by Full Council. It is designed to improve the safety of Council Homes, both tenanted and leasehold, and we are working closely with the London Fire Brigade to ensure the highest standard. The proposed budget is an additional £20m.
- 3.2 The report also includes £4.9m for the acquisition of additional affordable housing approved by Cabinet on 9 October 2017.
- 3.3 In accordance with the Council's Financial Regulations Full Council are required to approve amendments to the capital programme that exceed £5m.
- 3.4 For the fire safety programme that will ensure residents are as safe as possible, the Council will seek funding from central government.

4. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

- 4.1 This report sets out an updated four year HRA capital expenditure and resource forecast and capital programme for 2017/18 to 2020/21 as summarised in Table 1 in paragraph 5 and Appendix 1 below. This update includes:
 - £20m for the Council's Fire Safety Plus capital works programme to make fire safety improvements to the Council's housing stock above and beyond current legal minimum standards. These works will improve the fire safety of Council homes, both tenanted and leasehold. We are working with the London Fire Brigade (LFB).

This work is in addition to the existing Housing Capital programme. We need and expect additional funding from the Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG). DCLG have requested details on such works from councils, and we will provide them but DCLG to date have not made any money available.

It's very important we keep residents safe and we cannot wait for central government to work out how funding will become available. So, to enable these important works to proceed, £14m of HRA reserves has been allocated for this programme with the balance being funded by internal borrowing which increases the Housing Capital Financing Requirement (HRA CFR), the measure used for the HRA debt cap. As a result, if central government declines to pay fire safety works, the Council will be very close to its HRA debt cap and our HRA general reserves will reduce to £3m. This would restrict our ability to directly provide additional new homes and to cope with changes in HRA income and / or costs going forward.

All work under this programme will be provided free of charge to Council tenants and leaseholders. Programme expenditure is expected to be allocated as:

- Works on the Charecroft Estate and other buildings which are six stories or higher: £10m
- Other works under the programme £10m
- £4.9m of additional expenditure for the purchase of additional affordable homes. This will facilitate a much needed increase in the supply of affordable housing that will help to ease the temporary accommodation pressure the Council has, while also making best use of right to buy receipts. This was approved by Cabinet on 9th October 2017.

5. THE HOUSING CAPITAL PROGRAMME

- 5.1 The updated Housing Capital Programme includes £130.1m over four years for major works to be carried out on existing properties and an additional £20m for the Fire Safety Plus programme. It also includes approved plans to deliver new affordable homes. The forecast is based on the position at 31 August 2017
- 5.2 The programme is funded by Internal Borrowing, Revenue Contributions appropriated to the Major Repairs Reserve, contributions from HRA reserves, HRA revenue contributions, Section 106 commuted sums and capital receipts from both Right-to-Buy and sales of surplus non-dwelling sites. The overall Housing Programme expenditure and resource forecast is summarised in Table 1 below (following page). The detailed programme is included at Appendix 1. A reconciliation between the four year programme approved by Full Council on 22 February 2017 and the revised four year programme included in this report is included at Appendix 2.

Table 1: 2017-21 Capital Programme Service Analysis

Housing Programme - Resource Summary

Indicative

2017/18

Indicative

2018/19

Indicative

2019/20

Indicative

2020/21

| | Budget | Budget | Budget | Budget |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Approved Expenditure | | | | |
| Decent Neighbourhood Schemes | 23,229 | 28,137 | 31,215 | 13,556 |
| HRA Schemes | 46,544 | 42,259 | 28,826 | 32,475 |
| Total Housing Programme - Approved Expenditure | 69,773 | 70,396 | 60,041 | 46,031 |
| Available and Approved Peccures | | | | |
| Available and Approved Resource Capital Receipts - Unrestricted | 11,176 | 4,200 | 4,616 | 0 |
| <u> </u> | | | | |
| Capital Receipts - GF | 673 | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| Capital Receipts - RTB (141) | 8,946 | 8,144 | 4,954 | 1,895 |
| Capital Receipts - Sale of new build homes | 414 | - | - | - |
| Earls Court Receipts recognisable | - | - | 16,581 | 4,460 |
| Housing Revenue Account (revenue & reserves funding) | 9,464 | 13,028 | 4,000 | 1,313 |
| Major Repairs Reserve (MRR) | 17,945 | 17,404 | 19,794 | 19,794 |
| Contributions Developers (S106) | 1,969 | 5,256 | 400 | 16,950 |
| Repayment of NHHT loan | 270 | - | 270 | - |
| Contributions from leaseholders | 7,385 | 6,943 | 4,005 | 2,849 |
| Government Capital Grants and Contributions | 300 | 600 | 100 | - |
| Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) | 609 | - | - | - |
| Insurance Claim for Hilary Road fire damage | 150 | - | - | - |
| Internal Borrowing | 10,471 | 14,372 | 4,871 | |
| Reduction in internal borrowing from Earls Court Cash | | | | (1,680) |
| Total Funding | 69,773 | 70,396 | 60,041 | 46,031 |

5.3 The programme includes borrowing against internal resources of £29.7m. The forecast Housing Capital Finance Requirement (HRA CFR) is shown in Table 2 below:

Table 2

| HRA CFR Forecast | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HRA Capital Financing Memorandum | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Closing Forecast CFR Excluding Deferred Costs | 215,315 | 229,686 | 234,557 | 231,197 |
| Deferred Costs of Disposal | 6,644 | 9,084 | 13,522 | 16,062 |
| Closing Forecast CFR Including Deferred Costs | 221,959 | 238,770 | 248,079 | 247,259 |

- 5.5 The HRA CFR is required to remain within a 'Debt Cap' which has been individually set for all housing authorities by the Department for Communities and Local Government. This cap was introduced as part of the transition to HRA self-financing. The Council's debt cap is currently set at £254.6m.
- 5.6 In 2019/20, borrowing headroom between the CFR and debt cap reduces to just £6.5m. This headroom is forecast to improve to £7.4m in 2020/21.

6. FINANCIAL AND RESOURCES IMPLICATIONS

- 6.1 The report is seeking an approval for additional £20m expenditure which will, until further clarity is received from central government on funding streams, be funded from a combination of HRA Reserves and internal borrowing. It also includes an additional £4.9m of expenditure for the purchase of new affordable homes which is going to Cabinet for approval on 9th October 2017 and the redevelopment grant for Edith Summerskill House (which is funded by \$106 commuted sums and Right to Buy one for one receipts). A reconciliation between the four year programme approved by Full Council on 22nd February 2017 and the revised four year programme included in this report is included at Appendix 2. HRA General reserves are expected to reduce to £3m in 2018/19 before building back up again to circa £10m by 2023/24.
- 6.2 The increase in borrowing will result in higher CFR (forecast to increase from £241.43m¹ to £248.1m in 2019/20 and from £243.98m² to £247.3m in 2020/21) and will significantly reduce the borrowing headroom to £6.5m in 2019/20 and £7.4m in 2020/21.
- 6.3 If there are any:
 - delays or reductions in income on the Housing Capital programme
 - material reductions in HRA revenue income
 - material increases in the cost of the housing capital programme or in the HRA

then there is a risk that the HRA debt cap will be breached. To mitigate the risk of this, the Council will provide all details of fire safety works to central government to lobby for funding.

- 6.4 The capital programme will be reviewed on a regular basis to manage the risk of exceeding the cap.
- 6.4 With regard to all major capital schemes and disposals, the Council will need to give careful consideration to its VAT partial exemption threshold. Ordinarily, entities cannot reclaim VAT incurred in the provision of VAT exempt activities, however special provision for Local Authorities means that Council can reclaim such costs, providing these do not exceed 5% of the Council's overall VAT liability in any one year. If this threshold is breached without HMRC mitigation, then all VAT incurred in support of exempt activities, in that year, can no longer be reclaimed from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) and becomes payable by the Council. This would represent a cost of approximately £2m to £3m per year of breach.

¹ As reported to Cabinet on 9th October 2017. The CFR forecast for 19/20 reported to Full Council on 22nd February 2017 was £227.86m, the increase between February 17 and October 17 is mostly because the forecast for the Earls Court recognisable receipts has been moved out by a year.

² As reported to Cabinet on 9th October 2017, The CFR forecast reported to Full Council on 22nd February 2017 was £232.13m, the increase between February 17 and October 17 is mostly because the forecast for the Earls Court recognisable receipts has been moved out by a year

- 6.5 Capital transactions represent a significant portion of the Council's VAT-exempt activity and accordingly pose the biggest risk to the partial exemption threshold. The Council monitors the partial exemption position closely; however unanticipated receipts, expense or slippages can frustrate this process. The Cabinet has adopted the following VAT policy to aid the management of the Partial Exemption position:
 - Projects should be 'opted-to-tax' where this option is available and is of no financial disadvantage to the Council.
 - If an option-to tax is unavailable it is advised that any avoidable, new projects incurring exempt VAT are deferred for the present time.
 - In addition there is only limited room in the future years partial exemption forecasts. Therefore, new or re-profiled projects incurring exempt VAT will need to be agreed with the Corporate VAT team.
 - In all cases the VAT team should be consulted in advance in order that the forecasts can be updated and re-checked against limits.
- 6.6 Expenditure incurred by a Local Authority in the course of delivering statutory functions will ordinarily be outside of the scope of VAT (also known as 'non-business expenditure'). Fire safety expenditure on the Council's own property/dwellings would, generally, be deemed to be non-business. It is nonetheless advised that as and when specific projects and schemes within this newly proposed programme crystalise, they are individually assessed in conjunction with corporate finance to ascertain any potential taxation risks.
- 6.7 Implications completed by Hitesh Jolapara, Strategic Finance Director, tel: 020 8753 2501

7. IMPLICATIONS FOR BUSINESS

- 7.1 The HRA Capital Programme represents significant expenditure within the Borough and consequently, where supplies are sourced locally, may impact either positively or negatively on local contractors and sub-contractors. Where capital expenditure increases, or is brought forward, this may have a beneficial impact on local businesses; conversely, where expenditure decreases, or is slipped, there may be an adverse impact on local businesses.
- 7.2 Implications completed by David Burns, Head of Housing Strategy, tel 020 8753 6090

8. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

- 8.1 There are no particular legal Implications arising from this report.
- 8.2 Implications completed by Rhian Davies, Chief Solicitor, Litigation and Social Care, tel. 020 7641 2729

9. PROCUREMENT IMPLICATIONS

9.1 Expenditure by the Council is subject to binding processes and regulations that ensures transparency, commercial awareness and drives the best value for

- money. To ensure that future risk of litigation through unclear procurements are negated early dialogue with Commercial Management around procurement strategies is undertaken and procurement processes can be supported.
- 9.2 In addition clarity around how the capital spend is approached in terms of programme management and governance to ensure ongoing delivery assurance.
- 9.3 Implications completed by Simon Davis, Head of Commercial Management, tel: 07920 503651

| Housing Capital Programme | Indicative Future Years Analysis | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 2017/18 Budget | 2018/19 Budget | 2019/20 Budget | 2020/21 Budget | Total Budget (All years) |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Scheme Expenditure Summary | | | | | |
| HRA Schemes: | Ţ | Ţ | | | |
| Supply Initiatives (Major Voids) | 947 | - | - | - | 947 |
| Energy Schemes | 1,633 | 3,697 | 1,850 | 1,725 | 8,905 |
| Lift Schemes | 3,250 | 4,800 | 3,750 | 1,150 | 12,950 |
| Internal Modernisation | 500 | 250 | 500 | 1,750 | 3,000 |
| Major Refurbishments | 18,363 | 14,009 | 14,486 | 19,210 | 66,068 |
| Planned Maintenance Framework | 644 | - | - | - | 644 |
| Minor Programmes | 10,127 | 8,453 | 7,240 | 7,640 | 33,460 |
| Decent Homes Partnering | - | | | | 0 |
| ASC/ELRS Managed | 1,080 | 1,050 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 4,130 |
| Fire Safety Plus | 10,000 | 10,000 | - | - | 20,000 |
| Subtotal HRA | 46,544 | 42,259 | 28,826 | 32,475 | 150,104 |
| Decent Neighbourhood Schemes: | | | | | |
| Earls Court Buy Back Costs | 7,722 | 5,629 | 13,751 | 6,789 | 33,890 |
| Earls Court Project Team Costs | 856 | 2,496 | 4,540 | 2,599 | 10,492 |
| Housing Development Project | 2,161 | 8,805 | 679 | - | 11,645 |
| Stanhope Joint Venture | 4,749 | 11,392 | 15,835 | 6,317 | 38,293 |
| Other DNP projects | 6,815 | 261 | - | - | 7,076 |
| Other General Fund | 1,782 | 2,050 | 950 | 450 | 5,232 |
| Subtotal Decent Neighbourhoods | 24,085 | 30,633 | 35,755 | 16,155 | 106,629 |
| Total Expenditure | 70,629 | 72,892 | 64,581 | 48,630 | 256,734 |
| Adjustment for deferred costs | (856) | (2,496) | (4,540) | (2,599) | (10,492) |
| Total Net Expenditure | 69,773 | 70,396 | 60,041 | 46,031 | 246,242 |

Appendix 2

| Reconciliation from Full Council Approval to 22nd February 2017 to revised Housing Capital Programme Budget | Indicative 2017/18 Budget £'000 | Indicative 2018/19 Budget £'000 | Indicative 2019/20 Budget £'000 | Indicative 2020/21 Budget £'000 |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Total Housing Programme after adjustment for | 53,178 | 43,233 | 36,488 | 41,788 |
| deferred costs - Approved by Full Council 22nd | | | | |
| February 2017 | | | | |
| Edith Summerskill House Redevelopment Grant | 1,456 | 11,392 | 15,835 | 6,317 |
| Slippage in HRA Schemes from 16/17 as reported to | 6,742 | | | |
| Cabinet 4th September 2017 | | | | |
| Additional of Disabled Facilities Grant to the | 818 | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| programme | | | | |
| Reprofiling and reforecasting Earls Court | 1,854 | (9,494) | 7,811 | (4,305) |
| Housing Development Programme Reprofiling and | (3,353) | 5,280 | | |
| budget updates | | | | |
| Other reprofiling and reforecasting | 1,512 | 2,273 | (1,779) | 1,750 |
| Total Housing Programme as reported to Cabinet | 62,207 | 53,134 | 58,805 | 46,000 |
| to 9th October 2017 in Capital Programme Monitor & Budget Variations 2017/18 Q1 | | | | |
| Fire Safety Plus works | 10,000 | 10,000 | | |
| Sands End Community Centre | 500 | 1,600 | 500 | |
| HRA Schemes: Programme reprofiling into future | (2,961) | 2,625 | | |
| years and minor amendments | | | | |
| Housing Development Programme Reprofiling and | (3,689) | 3,010 | 679 | |
| budget updates | | | | |
| Other reprofiling and reforecasting | (1,184) | 27 | 57 | 31 |
| Purchasing Additional Affordable Homes | 4,900 | | | |
| Total Housing Programme in this report | 69,773 | 70,396 | 60,041 | 46,031 |